

GEOMETRY LIVE REVIEW PROBLEMS - 2019

eMATHinstruction

RIGID MOTION TRANSFORMATIONS AND CONGRUENCY

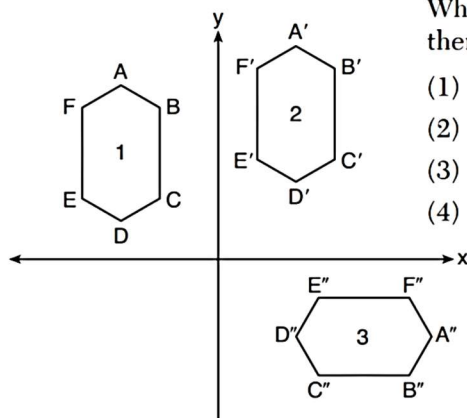
June 2015

2 The vertices of $\triangle JKL$ have coordinates $J(5,1)$, $K(-2,-3)$, and $L(-4,1)$. Under which transformation is the image $\triangle J'K'L'$ *not* congruent to $\triangle JKL$?

- (1) a translation of two units to the right and two units down
- (2) a counterclockwise rotation of 180 degrees around the origin
- (3) a reflection over the x -axis
- (4) a dilation with a scale factor of 2 and centered at the origin

June 2015

4 In the diagram below, congruent figures 1, 2, and 3 are drawn.

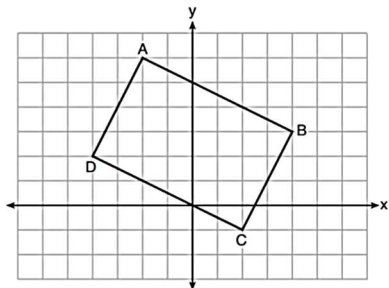


Which sequence of transformations maps figure 1 onto figure 2 and then figure 2 onto figure 3?

- (1) a reflection followed by a translation
- (2) a rotation followed by a translation
- (3) a translation followed by a reflection
- (4) a translation followed by a rotation

January 2016

11 Quadrilateral $ABCD$ is graphed on the set of axes below.



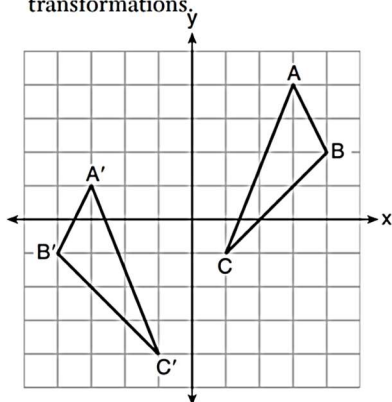
- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| (1) no and $C'(1,2)$ | (3) yes and $A'(6,2)$ |
| (2) no and $D'(2,4)$ | (4) yes and $B'(-3,4)$ |

When $ABCD$ is rotated 90° in a counterclockwise direction about the origin, its image is quadrilateral $A'B'C'D'$. Is distance preserved under this rotation, and which coordinates are correct for the given vertex?



January 2016

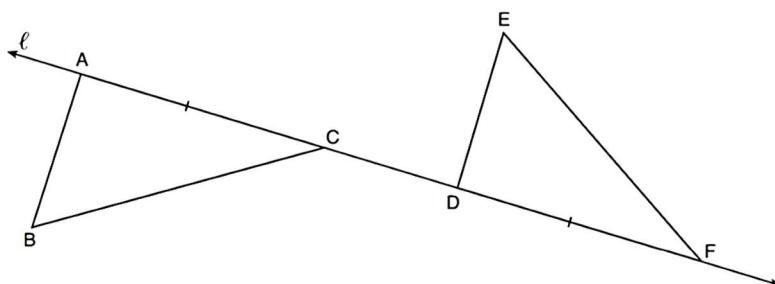
28 As graphed on the set of axes below, $\triangle A'B'C'$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a sequence of transformations.



Is $\triangle A'B'C'$ congruent to $\triangle ABC$? Use the properties of rigid motion to explain your answer.

August 2015

34 In the diagram below, $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$ and points A , C , D , and F are collinear on line ℓ .



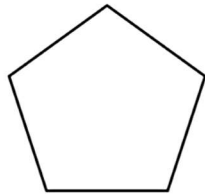
Let $\triangle D'E'F'$ be the image of $\triangle DEF$ after a translation along ℓ , such that point D is mapped onto point A . Determine and state the location of F' . Explain your answer.

Let $\triangle D''E''F''$ be the image of $\triangle D'E'F'$ after a reflection across line ℓ . Suppose that E'' is located at B . Is $\triangle DEF$ congruent to $\triangle ABC$? Explain your answer.



June 2018

19 The regular polygon below is rotated about its center.

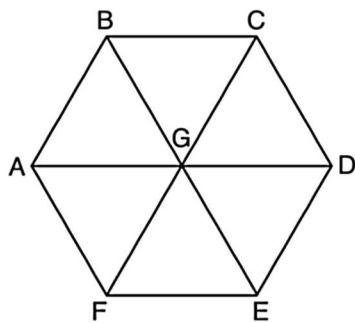


Which angle of rotation will carry the figure onto itself?

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (1) 60° | (3) 216° |
| (2) 108° | (4) 540° |

August 2018

4 In regular hexagon $ABCDEF$ shown below, \overline{AD} , \overline{BE} , and \overline{CF} all intersect at G .



When $\triangle ABG$ is reflected over \overline{BG} and then rotated 180° about point G , $\triangle ABG$ is mapped onto

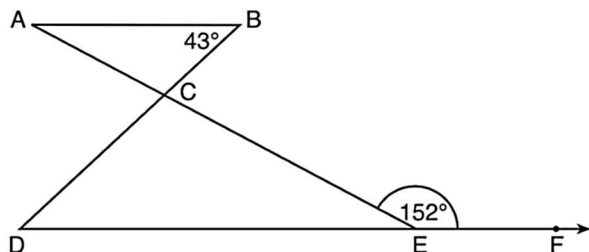
- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| (1) $\triangle FEG$ | (3) $\triangle CBG$ |
| (2) $\triangle AFG$ | (4) $\triangle DEG$ |



PARALLEL LINES

June 2018

- 2 In the diagram below, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DEF}$, \overline{AE} and \overline{BD} intersect at C , $m\angle B = 43^\circ$, and $m\angle CEF = 152^\circ$.

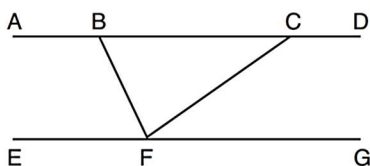


Which statement is true?

- (1) $m\angle D = 28^\circ$ (3) $m\angle ACD = 71^\circ$
 (2) $m\angle A = 43^\circ$ (4) $m\angle BCE = 109^\circ$

June 2015

- 17 Steve drew line segments $ABCD$, EFG , BF , and CF as shown in the diagram below. Scalene $\triangle BFC$ is formed.



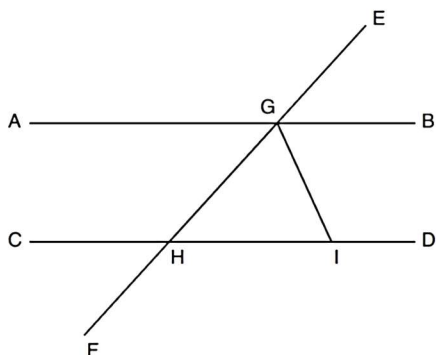
Which statement will allow Steve to prove $\overline{ABCD} \parallel \overline{EFG}$?

- (1) $\angle CFG \cong \angle FCB$ (3) $\angle EFB \cong \angle CFB$
 (2) $\angle ABF \cong \angle BFC$ (4) $\angle CBF \cong \angle GFC$

June 2015

- 32 In the diagram below, \overline{EF} intersects \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} at G and H , respectively, and \overline{GI} is drawn such that $\overline{GH} \cong \overline{IH}$.

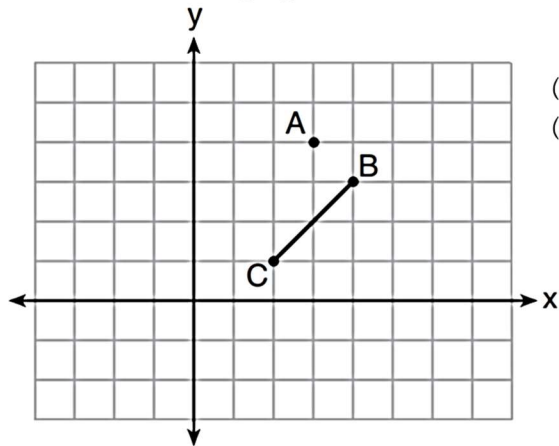
If $m\angle EGB = 50^\circ$ and $m\angle DIG = 115^\circ$, explain why $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$.



DILATIONS

January 2017

- 13 On the graph below, point $A(3,4)$ and \overline{BC} with coordinates $B(4,3)$ and $C(2,1)$ are graphed.

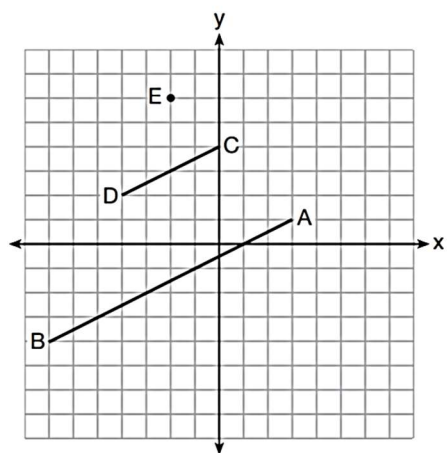


- (1) $B'(5,2)$ and $C'(1,-2)$ (3) $B'(5,0)$ and $C'(1,-2)$
 (2) $B'(6,1)$ and $C'(0,-1)$ (4) $B'(5,2)$ and $C'(3,0)$

What are the coordinates of B' and C' after \overline{BC} undergoes a dilation centered at point A with a scale factor of 2?

August 2015

- 18 In the diagram below, \overline{CD} is the image of \overline{AB} after a dilation of scale factor k with center E .



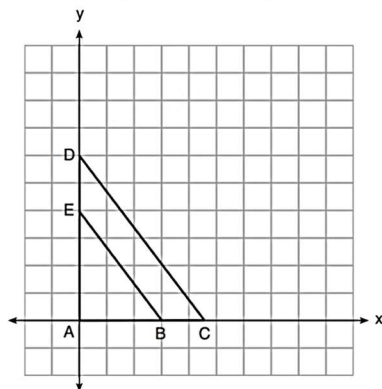
Which ratio is equal to the scale factor k of the dilation?

- (1) $\frac{EC}{EA}$ (3) $\frac{EA}{BA}$
 (2) $\frac{BA}{EA}$ (4) $\frac{EA}{EC}$



August 2015

- 23 In the diagram below, $\triangle ABE$ is the image of $\triangle ACD$ after a dilation centered at the origin. The coordinates of the vertices are $A(0,0)$, $B(3,0)$, $C(4.5,0)$, $D(0,6)$, and $E(0,4)$.

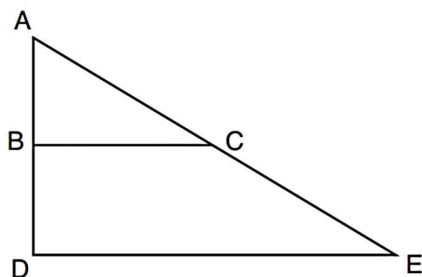


The ratio of the lengths of \overline{BE} to \overline{CD} is

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| (1) $\frac{2}{3}$ | (3) $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| (2) $\frac{3}{2}$ | (4) $\frac{4}{3}$ |

August 2016

- 6 The image of $\triangle ABC$ after a dilation of scale factor k centered at point A is $\triangle ADE$, as shown in the diagram below.

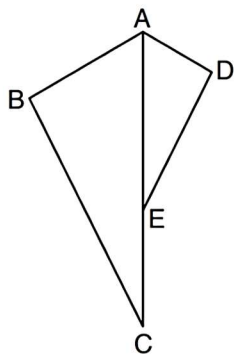


Which statement is always true?

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) $2AB = AD$ | (3) $AC = CE$ |
| (2) $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{DE}$ | (4) $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{DE}$ |

January 2017

- 2 In the diagram below, $\triangle ADE$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a reflection over the line AC followed by a dilation of scale factor $\frac{AE}{AC}$ centered at point A .



Which statement must be true?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| (1) $m\angle BAC = m\angle AED$ | (3) $m\angle DAE = \frac{1}{2}m\angle BAC$ |
| (2) $m\angle ABC = m\angle ADE$ | (4) $m\angle ACB = \frac{1}{2}m\angle DAB$ |



January 2016

- 31 Line ℓ is mapped onto line m by a dilation centered at the origin with a scale factor of 2. The equation of line ℓ is $3x - y = 4$. Determine and state an equation for line m .

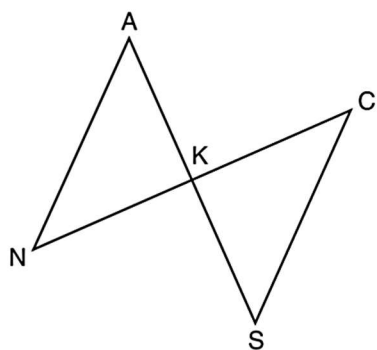
June 2018

- 24 Line MN is dilated by a scale factor of 2 centered at the point $(0,6)$. If \overline{MN} is represented by $y = -3x + 6$, which equation can represent $\overline{M'N'}$, the image of \overline{MN} ?
- (1) $y = -3x + 12$ (3) $y = -6x + 12$
(2) $y = -3x + 6$ (4) $y = -6x + 6$

TRIANGLE CONGRUENCE AND PROOF

August 2018

- 10 In the diagram below, \overline{AKS} , \overline{NKC} , \overline{AN} , and \overline{SC} are drawn such that $\overline{AN} \cong \overline{SC}$.



Which additional statement is sufficient to prove $\triangle KAN \cong \triangle KSC$ by AAS?

- (1) \overline{AS} and \overline{NC} bisect each other.
(2) K is the midpoint of \overline{NC} .
(3) $\overline{AS} \perp \overline{CN}$
(4) $\overline{AN} \parallel \overline{SC}$



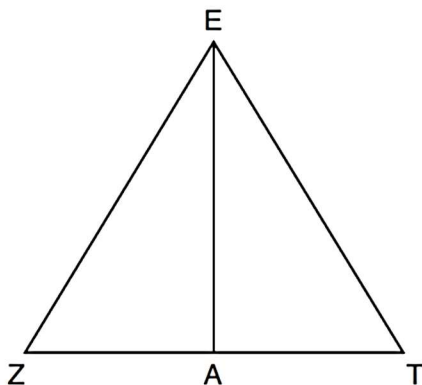
June 2016

7 Two right triangles must be congruent if

- (1) an acute angle in each triangle is congruent
- (2) the lengths of the hypotenuses are equal
- (3) the corresponding legs are congruent
- (4) the areas are equal

June 2016

19 Line segment \overline{EA} is the perpendicular bisector of \overline{ZT} , and \overline{ZE} and \overline{TE} are drawn.

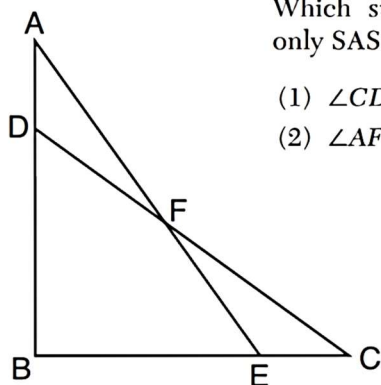


Which conclusion can *not* be proven?

- (1) \overline{EA} bisects angle ZET .
- (2) Triangle EZT is equilateral.
- (3) \overline{EA} is a median of triangle EZT .
- (4) Angle Z is congruent to angle T .

August 2016

22 Given: $\triangle ABE$ and $\triangle CBD$ shown in the diagram below with $\overline{DB} \cong \overline{BE}$



Which statement is needed to prove $\triangle ABE \cong \triangle CBD$ using only SAS \cong SAS?

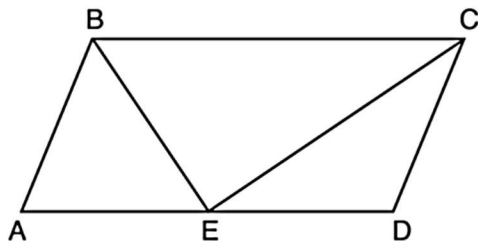
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| (1) $\angle CDB \cong \angle AEB$ | (3) $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CE}$ |
| (2) $\angle AFD \cong \angle EFC$ | (4) $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{CD}$ |



QUADRILATERALS

August 2018

- 26 In parallelogram $ABCD$ shown below, the bisectors of $\angle ABC$ and $\angle DCB$ meet at E , a point on \overline{AD} .



If $m\angle A = 68^\circ$, determine and state $m\angle BEC$.

June 2015

- 13 Quadrilateral $ABCD$ has diagonals \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} . Which information is *not* sufficient to prove $ABCD$ is a parallelogram?

- (1) \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} bisect each other.
- (2) $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{AD}$
- (3) $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$
- (4) $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{AD}$

August 2015

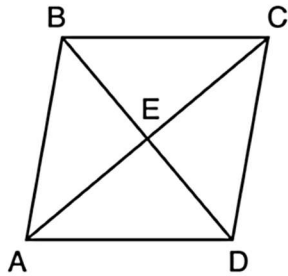
- 1 A parallelogram must be a rectangle when its

- (1) diagonals are perpendicular
- (2) diagonals are congruent
- (3) opposite sides are parallel
- (4) opposite sides are congruent



June 2018

- 13 The diagram below shows parallelogram $ABCD$ with diagonals \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} intersecting at E .

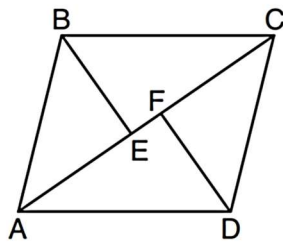


What additional information is sufficient to prove that parallelogram $ABCD$ is also a rhombus?

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) \overline{BD} bisects \overline{AC} . | (3) \overline{AC} is congruent to \overline{BD} . |
| (2) \overline{AB} is parallel to \overline{CD} . | (4) \overline{AC} is perpendicular to \overline{BD} . |

January 2017

- 5 In the diagram below, if $\triangle ABE \cong \triangle CDF$ and \overline{AEFC} is drawn, then it could be proven that quadrilateral $ABCD$ is a



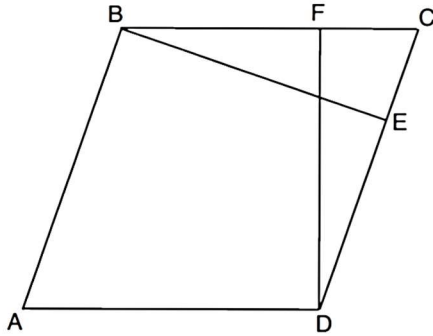
- | | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| (1) square | (3) rectangle |
| (2) rhombus | (4) parallelogram |



QUADRILATERAL PROOFS

August 2015

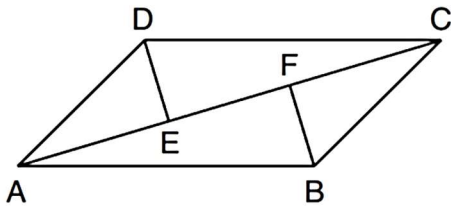
35 In the diagram of parallelogram $ABCD$ below, $\overline{BE} \perp \overline{CED}$, $\overline{DF} \perp \overline{BFC}$, and $\overline{CE} \cong \overline{CF}$.



Prove $ABCD$ is a rhombus.

January 2017

35 In quadrilateral $ABCD$, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$, $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$, and \overline{BF} and \overline{DE} are perpendicular to diagonal \overline{AC} at points F and E .



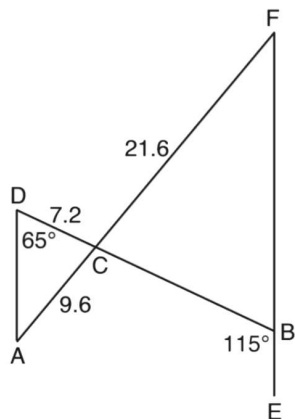
Prove: $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{CF}$



SIMILARITY

June 2018

- 4 In the diagram below, \overline{AF} and \overline{DB} intersect at C, and \overline{AD} and \overline{FBE} are drawn such that $m\angle D = 65^\circ$, $m\angle CBE = 115^\circ$, $DC = 7.2$, $AC = 9.6$, and $FC = 21.6$.

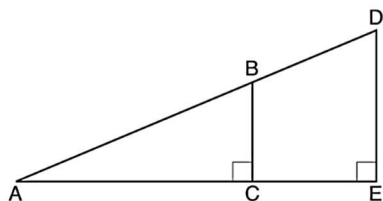


What is the length of \overline{CB} ?

- (1) 3.2
(2) 4.8
(3) 16.2
(4) 19.2

June 2018

- 11 In the diagram below of right triangle AED , $\overline{BC} \parallel \overline{DE}$.

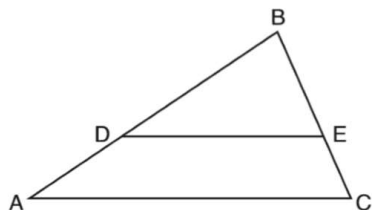


Which statement is always true?

- (1) $\frac{AC}{BC} = \frac{DE}{AE}$
(2) $\frac{AB}{AD} = \frac{BC}{DE}$
(3) $\frac{AC}{CE} = \frac{BC}{DE}$
(4) $\frac{DE}{BC} = \frac{DB}{AB}$

August 2018

- 16 In triangle ABC , points D and E are on sides \overline{AB} and \overline{BC} , respectively, such that $\overline{DE} \parallel \overline{AC}$, and $AD:DB = 3:5$.



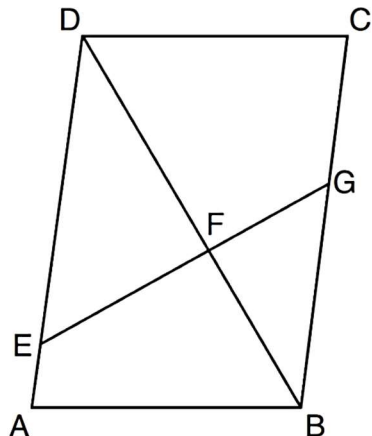
If $DB = 6.3$ and $AC = 9.4$, what is the length of \overline{DE} , to the nearest tenth?

- (1) 3.8
(2) 5.6
(3) 5.9
(4) 15.7



June 2016

33 Given: Parallelogram $ABCD$, \overline{EFG} , and diagonal \overline{DFB}



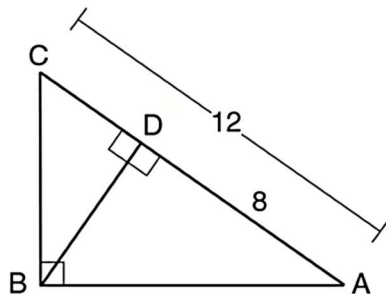
Prove: $\triangle DEF \sim \triangle BGF$

SIMILARITY RELATED TOPICS

Right Triangle Altitude Problems

January 2018

23 In the diagram below of $\triangle ABC$, $\angle ABC$ is a right angle, $AC = 12$, $AD = 8$, and altitude \overline{BD} is drawn.



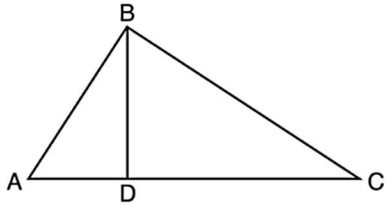
What is the length of \overline{BC} ?

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (1) $4\sqrt{2}$ | (3) $4\sqrt{5}$ |
| (2) $4\sqrt{3}$ | (4) $4\sqrt{6}$ |



August 2018

7 In the diagram below of right triangle ABC , altitude \overline{BD} is drawn to hypotenuse \overline{AC} .



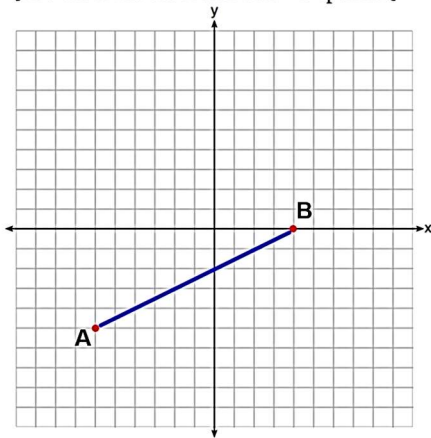
If $BD = 4$, $AD = x - 6$, and $CD = x$, what is the length of \overline{CD} ?

- (1) 5 (3) 8
(2) 2 (4) 11

Partitioning Problems

June 2015

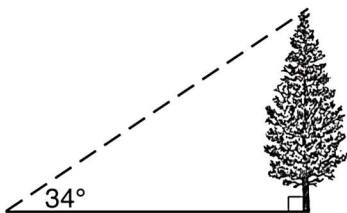
27 The coordinates of the endpoints of \overline{AB} are $A(-6, -5)$ and $B(4, 0)$. Point P is on \overline{AB} . Determine and state the coordinates of point P , such that $AP:PB$ is 2:3.
[The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



TRIGONOMETRY

June 2015

5 As shown in the diagram below, the angle of elevation from a point on the ground to the top of the tree is 34° .



If the point is 20 feet from the base of the tree, what is the height of the tree, to the *nearest tenth of a foot*?

- (1) 29.7 (3) 13.5
(2) 16.6 (4) 11.2



June 2018

- 8 In a right triangle, the acute angles have the relationship
 $\sin(2x + 4) = \cos(46)$.

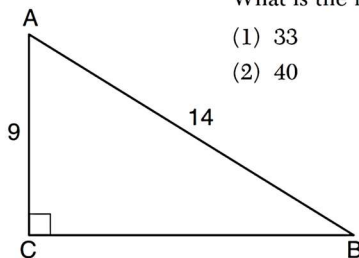
What is the value of x ?

- (1) 20 (3) 24
(2) 21 (4) 25

January 2016

- 16 In the diagram of right triangle ABC shown below, $AB = 14$ and $AC = 9$.

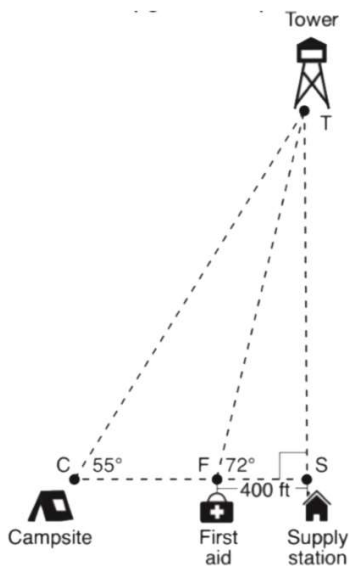
What is the measure of $\angle A$, to the *nearest degree*?



- (1) 33 (3) 50
(2) 40 (4) 57

June 2018

- 33 The map of a campground is shown below. Campsite C , first aid station F , and supply station S lie along a straight path. The path from the supply station to the tower, T , is perpendicular to the path from the supply station to the campsite. The length of path \overline{FS} is 400 feet. The angle formed by path \overline{TF} and path \overline{FS} is 72° . The angle formed by path \overline{TC} and path \overline{CS} is 55° .



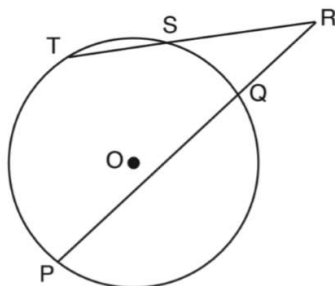
Determine and state, to the *nearest foot*, the distance from the campsite to the tower.



CIRCLES

June 2018

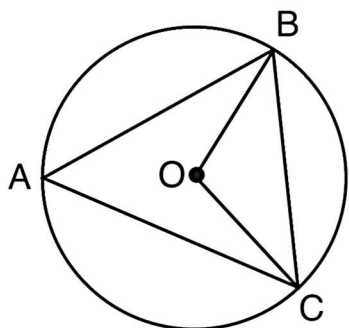
28 In the diagram below, secants \overline{RST} and \overline{RQP} , drawn from point R , intersect circle O at S , T , Q , and P .



If $RS = 6$, $ST = 4$, and $RP = 15$, what is the length of RQ ?

June 2016

10 In the diagram below of circle O , \overline{OB} and \overline{OC} are radii, and chords \overline{AB} , \overline{BC} , and \overline{AC} are drawn.

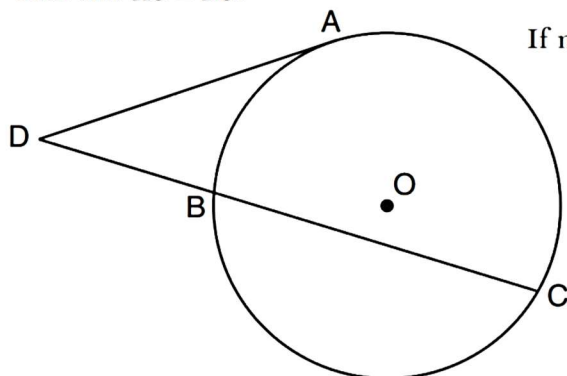


Which statement must always be true?

- (1) $\angle BAC \cong \angle BOC$
- (2) $m\angle BAC = \frac{1}{2}m\angle BOC$
- (3) $\triangle BAC$ and $\triangle BOC$ are isosceles.
- (4) The area of $\triangle BAC$ is twice the area of $\triangle BOC$.

January 2017

28 In the diagram below, tangent \overline{DA} and secant \overline{DBC} are drawn to circle O from external point D , such that $\widehat{AC} \cong \widehat{BC}$.



If $m\widehat{BC} = 152^\circ$, determine and state $m\angle D$.



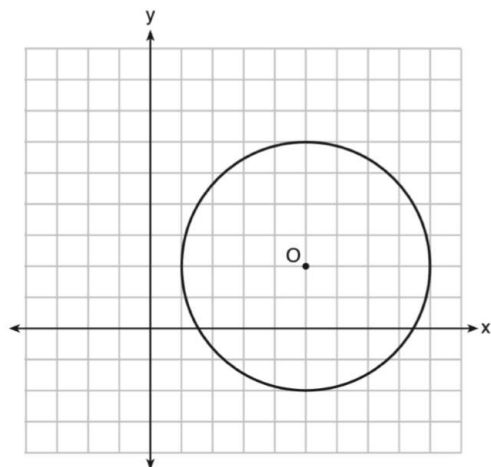
August 2015

9 If $x^2 + 4x + y^2 - 6y - 12 = 0$ is the equation of a circle, the length of the radius is

- (1) 25
- (2) 16
- (3) 5
- (4) 4

June 2018

20 What is an equation of circle O shown in the graph below?



- (1) $x^2 + 10x + y^2 + 4y = -13$
- (2) $x^2 - 10x + y^2 - 4y = -13$
- (3) $x^2 + 10x + y^2 + 4y = -25$
- (4) $x^2 - 10x + y^2 - 4y = -25$

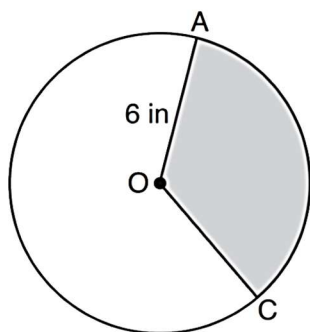
June 2016

24 What is the area of a sector of a circle with a radius of 8 inches and formed by a central angle that measures 60° ?

- (1) $\frac{8\pi}{3}$
- (2) $\frac{16\pi}{3}$
- (3) $\frac{32\pi}{3}$
- (4) $\frac{64\pi}{3}$

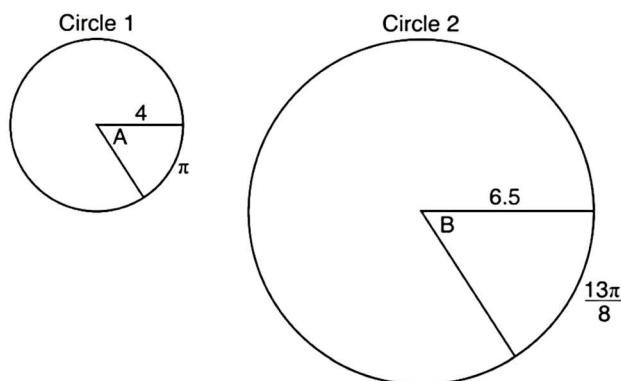
June 2015

29 In the diagram below of circle O , the area of the shaded sector AOC is $12\pi \text{ in}^2$ and the length of \overline{OA} is 6 inches. Determine and state $m\angle AOC$.



June 2016

- 29 In the diagram below, Circle 1 has radius 4, while Circle 2 has radius 6.5. Angle A intercepts an arc of length π , and angle B intercepts an arc of length $\frac{13\pi}{8}$.

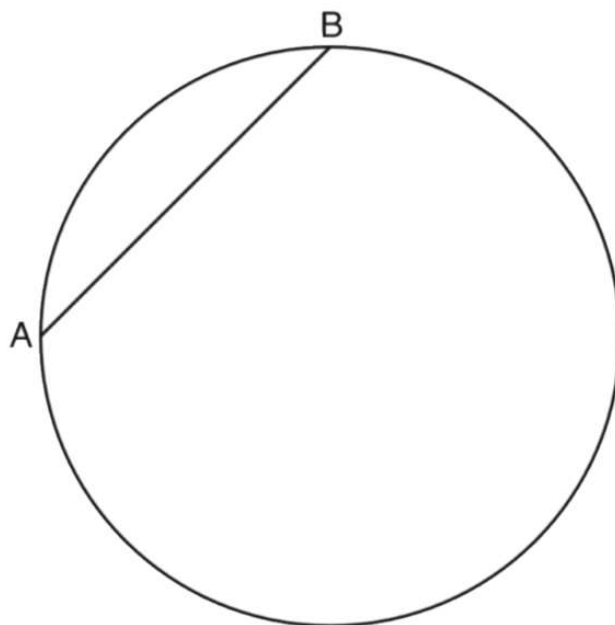


Dominic thinks that angles A and B have the same radian measure. State whether Dominic is correct or not. Explain why.

CONSTRUCTIONS

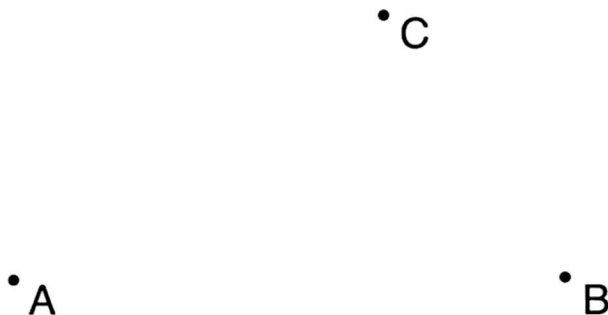
August 2018

- 25 In the circle below, \overline{AB} is a chord. Using a compass and straightedge, construct a diameter of the circle. [Leave all construction marks.]



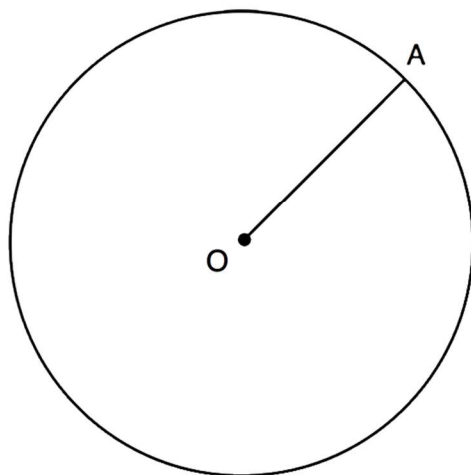
January 2019

- 29 Given points A , B , and C , use a compass and straightedge to construct point D so that $ABCD$ is a parallelogram.



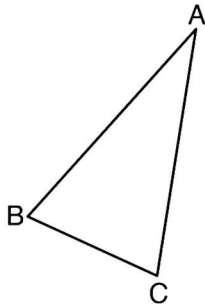
June 2016

- 31 In the diagram below, radius \overline{OA} is drawn in circle O . Using a compass and a straightedge, construct a line tangent to circle O at point A . [Leave all construction marks.]



August 2016

- 32 Using a compass and straightedge, construct and label $\triangle A'B'C'$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a dilation with a scale factor of 2 and centered at B . [Leave all construction marks.]



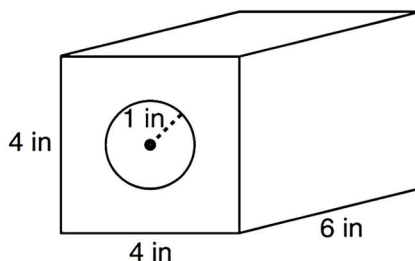
AREA, VOLUME, AND DENSITY

June 2018

- 31 Randy's basketball is in the shape of a sphere with a maximum circumference of 29.5 inches. Determine and state the volume of the basketball, to the *nearest cubic inch*.

January 2017

- 11 A solid metal prism has a rectangular base with sides of 4 inches and 6 inches, and a height of 4 inches. A hole in the shape of a cylinder, with a radius of 1 inch, is drilled through the entire length of the rectangular prism.



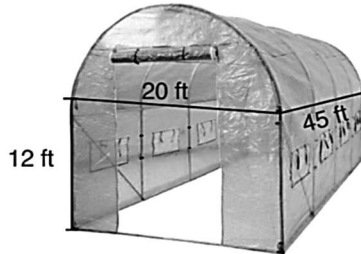
- (1) 19 (3) 93
(2) 77 (4) 96

What is the approximate volume of the remaining solid, in cubic inches?



June 2018

- 7 The greenhouse pictured below can be modeled as a rectangular prism with a half-cylinder on top. The rectangular prism is 20 feet wide, 12 feet high, and 45 feet long. The half-cylinder has a diameter of 20 feet.



To the *nearest cubic foot*, what is the volume of the greenhouse?

- (1) 17,869 (3) 39,074
(2) 24,937 (4) 67,349

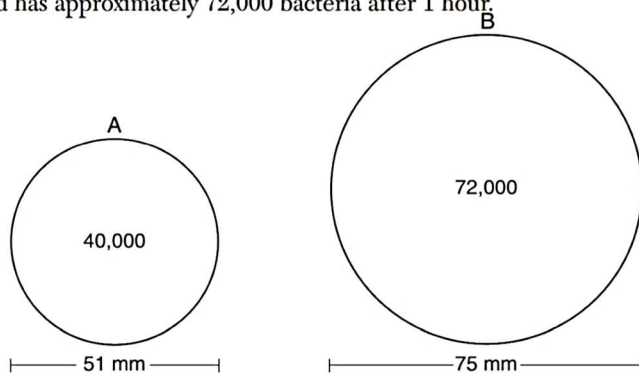
June 2015

- 7 A shipping container is in the shape of a right rectangular prism with a length of 12 feet, a width of 8.5 feet, and a height of 4 feet. The container is completely filled with contents that weigh, on average, 0.25 pound per cubic foot. What is the weight, in pounds, of the contents in the container?

- (1) 1,632 (3) 102
(2) 408 (4) 92

January 2016

- 30 During an experiment, the same type of bacteria is grown in two petri dishes. Petri dish A has a diameter of 51 mm and has approximately 40,000 bacteria after 1 hour. Petri dish B has a diameter of 75 mm and has approximately 72,000 bacteria after 1 hour.



Determine and state which petri dish has the greater population density of bacteria at the end of the first hour.

